YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY

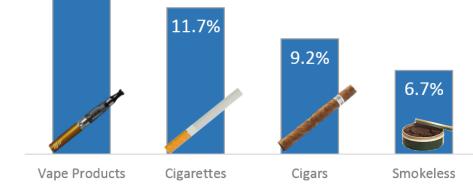
HIGH SCHOOL RESULTS – TOBACCO USE ST. MARY'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

27% of high school students in St. Mary's are currently using tobacco products

compared to across Maryland

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT?

The use of tobacco products and exposure to second-hand smoke combined represent the **number one cause of preventable deaths** in the United States. Smoking harms nearly every organ of the body, causing many diseases and affecting the health of smokers in general. Each day, more than **2,500** kids in the United States try their first cigarette and another **580** additional youth become new regular, daily smokers.



Current Use Among SMCPS

High School Students

42%

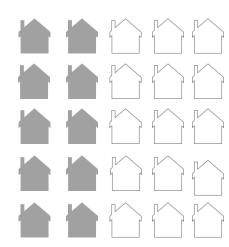
19.0%

of students had tried electronic vapor products

13%

T. MARY'S COUNTY Iealth department

bought their own cigarettes at a store or gas station



Nearly half of high school students in St. Mary's live with someone who smokes

YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY

HIGH SCHOOL RESULTS – SUBSTANCE MISUSE ST. MARY'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

> of students were offered, sold or given an illegal drug on school property

15% took prescription drugs

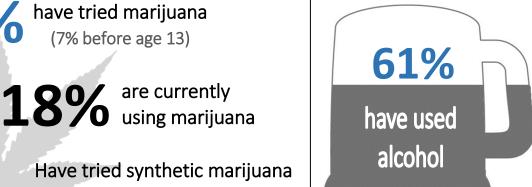
without a doctor's prescription

compared to 14% in MD

PERCENT OF STUDENTS WHO HAVE EVER USED:		
Methamphetamines	4.5%	
Heroin	3.8%	
Cocaine	7.2%	
Ecstasy	5.8%	

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT?

Young people who abuse substances may experience an array of problems, including academic difficulties, healthrelated problems (including mental illness), complications with peer and family relationships, and involvement with the juvenile justice system. Drug abuse can also impact the brain's ability to function in the short-term as well as prevent proper growth and development for later in life.



compared to 7% in Maryland

are using currently

18%

before

age 13

33%



31%



YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY

HIGH SCHOOL RESULTS – NUTRITION ST. MARY'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

13%

of students were obese *above the 95th percentile

*above the 95" percentile for Body Mass Index (BMI)



of students were overweight

*above the 85th but below the 95th percentile for BMI

Key Indicators for Nutrition High School Students Who*:	St. Mary's %	Maryland %
ate vegetables 2+ times per day	22.3	24.0
did not eat salad	42.7	44.8
did not drink soda	29.2	31.8
drank soda 1+ times per day	15.5	14
ate fruit or drank 100% fruit juices 2+ times per day	23.7	26.7
*in the week prior to the survey		

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT?

At a very young age, children develop the habits and behaviors that will influence their life-long health. Healthy kids are more likely to grow into healthy adults. Healthy eating and active living can reduce the risk for being overweight or obese and help to prevent the development of chronic diseases like diabetes, cancer, heart disease and high blood pressure.

Average Day

22% watched 3+ hours of television

37% played 3+ hours of video or computer games

(Non-school related)

Excessive screen time is linked to elevated blood pressure, high cholesterol and being overweight or obese among youth. ONLY 18%

of students were physically active for 60 minutes a day





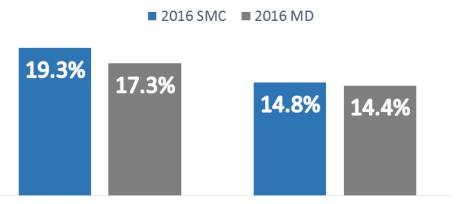
YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY

HIGH SCHOOL RESULTS – MENTAL HEALTH ST. MARY'S COUNTY, MARYLAND



30% of students FELT SO SAD OR HOPELESS

almost every day for two weeks or more in a row that they stopped doing some usual activities in the last year



Seriously considered attempting suicide

DURING THE 12 MONTHS BEFORE THE SURVEY

23%

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT?

Mental health is critical to physical well-being and academic success. In a positive state of mental health, an individual can cope with the normal stresses of life, is better able to maintain good physical health, can work productively and is able to make a contribution to their community. Emotional distress or imbalance can interfere with the child's ability to successfully develop into a healthy, productive adult.

37%



21%

Made a suicide plan

were bullied on school property

17%

were bullied electronically



